



**CPU**  
CMOS version of the familiar Z80 processor

**Printer Port**  
Connects the computer to external serial printer

**Communications Socket**  
Allows the PX-8 to communicate with other computers, either directly or via a modem and telephone network

**Parallel Interface Port**  
Connects the optional 120K RAM 'disk'

**Slave CPU**  
This allows the PX-8 to communicate with the computer's internal speaker and external peripherals such as a printer, disk drive or cassette deck

**ROM Capsules**  
Plug-in capsules allow the use of ROM-based packages. Here Wordstar is fitted, but this may be replaced by another ROM capsule, such as Portable Calc

**CP/M Utilities ROM**  
The PX-8 is able to make use of the large available range of CP/M software

**EPSON PX-8**

**PRICE**  
£798

**DIMENSIONS**  
297 x 216 x 48mm

**CPU**  
Z80-compatible CMOS CPU, 2.4 MHz

**MEMORY**  
64K RAM, 32K ROM plus 6K video RAM

**SCREEN**  
Text: 80 columns x 8 rows.  
Graphics: 480 x 64 pixels

**INTERFACES**  
RS232C, serial, bar code reader, analogue input

**LANGUAGES AVAILABLE**  
Enhanced Microsoft BASIC operating under CP/M

**KEYBOARD**  
72 key typewriter-style, QWERTY format, including cursor control and five programmable function keys. 12 keys can be used to form a numeric keypad

**DOCUMENTATION**  
Two large ring-bound volumes, an operations manual and BASIC reference guide. Both are very thorough, and well written

**STRENGTHS**  
Wide LCD screen (80 characters) makes it easy to follow what is happening on the screen; ROM-based software simplifies loading programs into memory; easily expandable

**WEAKNESSES**  
LCD screen shows only eight lines and is slow to manipulate. Even with excellent documentation, CP/M is not a very friendly operating system, especially for a first-time user

CHRIS STEVENS