

include a calculation that will set the number of repeats required to produce a tone for a set duration, no matter what the frequency of the tones. If we make the unit of duration 1/50th of a second then the number of repeats for a given delay value is:  $1000000 \div (50 \times (271 + 75 \times \text{delay}))$ . To calculate this in machine code would be difficult and slow so instead we can set up a look-up table from BASIC, giving a value from the above formula for each value of delay (i.e. from 1 to 109). The machine code routine then simply has to look up the repeat value and store it in a decremter, to produce a tone lasting for 1/50th of a second.

Commodore owners with an assembler can type in the source code listing and assemble it to produce an object program that can be saved. The calling program will load back the object program from disk or cassette and set up the look-up tables. Type this in and run it. Type NEW and enter the sample BASIC program that gives the various location addresses used by the machine code program. RUN this program with the buffer box and D/A converter set up as shown on page 732. If you do not have an assembler, then type in and run this BASIC loader before running the calling program. If you use the BASIC loader then lines 45 and 50 of the calling program can be omitted.

BBC owners can simply type in the BBC version as written and RUN.

```

10 REM BASIC LOADER FOR FREQ/AMP PROGRAM
20 :
30 FOR I=49801 TO 49911
40 READ A:POKEI,A
50 CC=CC+A
60 NEXT I
70 READ CS:IF CC<>CS THENPRINT
  "CHECKSUM ERROR":STOP
100 DATA172,134,194,208,8,169,0,141
110 DATA204,194,76,174,194,169,15,141
120 DATA204,194,162,15,172,134,194,189
130 DATA0,194,24,106,157,15,194,136
140 DATA208,248,202,16,239,120,169,0
150 DATA141,133,194,174,135,194,189,30
160 DATA194,172,136,194,240,7,10,46
170 DATA133,194,136,208,249,141,132
180 DATA194,162,0,189,15,194,172,135
190 DATA194,136,208,253,141,1,221,232
200 DATA224,15,208,239,173,132,194,56
210 DATA233,1,141,132,194,173,133,194
220 DATA233,0,141,133,194,208,218,169
230 DATA0,205,132,194,208,211,88,96
240 DATA16186:REM*CHECKSUM*
    
```

```

10 REM **** CALLING PROGRAM ****
20 REM **** AND ****
30 REM **** TABLE SET UP ****
40 :
45 DN=8:REM IF CASSETTE DN=1
50 IF A=0 THEN A=1:LOAD"REQD.HEX",DN,1
60 :
70 REM **** SET UP SHAPE TABLE ****
75 :
80 S=15:TB=12*4096+2*256
90 FOR I=0 TO S-1
100 Y=127*SIN(X)+127
110 POKE TB+I,Y
120 X=X+2/5
130 NEXT I
140 :
150 REM **** SET UP FREQ/DELAY TABLE ****
160 :
170 TB=TB+2*S
180 FOR D=0 TO 101
190 TV=10^6/(50*(271+75*D))
200 POKETB+D,TV
210 NEXT D
    
```

```

*****
*****
;+ CBM 64 ;+
;+ FREQUENCY ;+
;+ AND AMPLITUDE ;+
;+ GENERATION ;+
;+
*****
STEPS = 15 ;NO. OF STEPS PER WAVE CYCLE
PORT = 56577
;
;= #C200
SHAFTB ***STEPS ;WAVE SHAPE TABLE
AMPMTAB ***STEPS ;AMPLITUDE TABLE
LOOPCTR ***+102 ;FREQ/DELAY TABLE
COUNT ***+2 ;LOOP COUNTER
DIVISN ***+1 ;DIV OF WAVE FACTOR
DELAY ***+1 ;DELAY FACTOR
TIME ***+1 ;NOTE DURATION FACTOR
;
;**** SET AMPLITUDE TABLE ****
;
LDY DIVISN
RNE CONT
LDA #<SHAFTB ;MODIFY PROGRAM
STA NEXVAL+1 ;TO LOAD SHAFTB
JMP INITC
;
CONT
LDA #<AMPMTAB
STA NEXVAL+1
LDX #STEPS
NEXT
LDY DIVISN
LDA SHAFTB,X
MORE
CLC
ROR A
STA AMPMTAB,X
DEY
BNE MORE
DEX
BPL NEXT
;
;**** SET COUNT VALUE ****
;
INITC
SEI
LDA #00
STA COUNT+1 ;INIT COUNT HIBYTE
LDX DELAY
LDA LOOPCTR,X
LDY TIME
BEQ NOMULT
MULT
ASL A
ROL COUNT+1
DEY
BNE MULT
NOMULT
STA COUNT
;
;**** MAIN PROGRAM LOOP ****
;
MAIN
LDX #00
NEXVAL
LDA AMPMTAB,X
LDY DELAY
MORDEL ;DELAY LOOP
DEY
BNE MORDEL
;
STA PORT
INX
CPX #STEPS
BNE NEXVAL
;
;**** DECREMENT COUNT ****
;
LDA COUNT
SEC
SBC #01
STA COUNT
LDA COUNT+1
SBC #00
STA COUNT+1
BNE MAIN
LDA #00
CMP COUNT
BNE MAIN
CLI
RTS
    
```

```

188IF AF<0 OR AF>7 THEN 170
190DIV_FACTOR=AF
200PRINT:INPUT"DELAY FACTOR 1-101";DF
210IF DF<1 OR DF>101 THEN 200
220?delay_factor=DF
230PRINT:INPUT"DURATION FACTOR 0-15";TF
240IF TF<0 OR TF>15 THEN 230
250?time_factor=TF
265REPEAT
270CALL freq
280A=GET#
290UNTIL A#="X"
300GOTO 160:REM RESTART
900END
999;
1000DEF PROCAssemble_code
1005DIM MC%:&FF
1010FOR opt%=0 TO 3 STEP 3
1020PI=MC%
1030count=PI;PI=PI+2
1040div_factor=PI;PI=PI+1
1050delay_factor=PI;PI=PI+1
1060time_factor=PI;PI=PI+1
1070:
1075OPT opt%
1080\*** SET AMPLITUDE TABLE ****
1090\
1095.freq
1100 LDY div_factor
1110 BNE cont
1120 LDA #shape_table MOD 256
1130 STA nexval+1
1140 JMP initc
1150\
1160.cont
1170 LDA #amplitude_table MOD 256
1180 STA nexval+1
1190 LDX #steps
1195.next
1200 LDY div_factor
1210 LDA #shape_table,X
1220.more
1230 CLC
1240 ROR A
1250 STA amplitude_table
1260 DEY
1270 BNE more
1280 DEX
1290 BPL next
1300\
1310\**** SET COUNT VALUE ****
1320\
1330.initc
1340 SEI
1350 LDA #0
1360 STA count+1
1370 LDX delay_factor
1380 LDA loop_table,X
1390 LDY time_factor
1400 BEQ nomult
1410.mult
1420 ASL A
1430 ROL count+1
1440 DEY
1450 BNE mult
1460.nomult
1470 STA count
1480\
1490\**** MAIN PROGRAM LOOP ****
1500\
1510.main
1520 LDX #0
1530.nexval
1540 LDA amplitude_table,X
1550 LDY delay_factor
1560.mordel
1570 DEY
1580 BNE mordel
1590\
1600 STA port
1610 INX
1620 CPX #steps
1630 BNE nexval
1640\
1650\**** DECREMENT COUNT ****
1660\
1670 LDA count
1680 SEC
1690 SBC #1
1700 STA count
1710 LDA count+1
1720 SBC #0
1730 STA count+1
1740 BNE main
1750 LDA #0
1760 CMP count
1770 BNE main
1780 CLI
1790 RTS
1800:
1810NEXT opt%
1820ENDPROC
1999;
2000DEF PROCset_tables
2005\=0
2010FOR I=shape_table TO shape_table+steps-1
2020Y=127*SIN(X)+127
2030? I=Y
2040\=+2*PI/steps
2050NEXT I
2060:
2070FOR delay=0 TO 101
2080loop_val=10^6/(50*(271+75*delay))
2090loop_table?delay=loop_val
2100NEXT delay
2120ENDPROC
    
```

```

15REM *****
20REM ** **
25REM ** BBC **
30REM ** FREQUENCY & AMPLITUDE **
40REM ** GENERATION **
50REM ** **
60REM *****
70MODE 7
95steps=15:port=%FE60
97ddr=%FE62:? ddr=255:REM ALL OUTPUT
100HIMEM=HIMEM-6101:REM RESERVE TABLE SPACE
110?shape_table=HIMEM+1
112?amplitude_table=shape_table+steps
114?loop_table=amplitude_table+steps
115PROCset_tables
120PROCAssemble_code
140REM **** BASIC TEST PROGRAM ****
160CLS
170PRINT:INPUT"AMPLITUDE FACTOR 0-7";AF
    
```

```

15REM *****
20REM ** **
25REM ** BBC **
30REM ** FREQUENCY & AMPLITUDE **
40REM ** GENERATION **
50REM ** **
60REM *****
70MODE 7
95steps=15:port=%FE60
97ddr=%FE62:? ddr=255:REM ALL OUTPUT
100HIMEM=HIMEM-6101:REM RESERVE TABLE SPACE
110?shape_table=HIMEM+1
112?amplitude_table=shape_table+steps
114?loop_table=amplitude_table+steps
115PROCset_tables
120PROCAssemble_code
140REM **** BASIC TEST PROGRAM ****
160CLS
170PRINT:INPUT"AMPLITUDE FACTOR 0-7";AF
    
```